

RTA.KK.221 Revision Date/Revision Number:-/0 Issue Date: 01.11.2014

# **ENTEROCOCCOSEL AGAR W/ VANCOMYCIN**

#### INTENDED USE:

Enterococcosel agar w/ Vancomycin can be used as a primary screening plate for the detection of vancomycin resistant enterococci (VRE).

#### PRINCIPLE AND INTERPRETATION:

The medium is a standard formulation for the isolation of enterococci. Two peptones provide nutrients. Group D streptococci (including enterococci) hydrolyze esculin to esculetin and glucose. Esculetin reacts with an iron salt to form a dark brown or black complex. Ferric citrate is included as an indicator and reacts with esculetin to produce a Brown to black complex. Oxgall is used to inhibit gram-positive bacteria other than enterococci. Sodium azide is inhibitory to gram-negative micro-organisms. Vancomycin acts by inhibiting proper cell wall synthesis in Gram-positive bacteria

#### **COMPOSITION:**

Ingredients	Gr/Liter
Pancreatic Digest of Casein	17 gr
Peptic Digest of Animal Tissue	3 gr
Yeast Extract	5 gr
Oxgall	10 gr
Sodium Chloride	5 gr
Esculin	1 gr
Ferric Ammonium Citrate	0,5 gr
Sodium Azide	0,25 gr
Sodium Citrate	1 gr
Vancomycin	0,006 gr
Agar	13,5 gr

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

 $pH: 7,1 \pm 0,2$ 

# PRECAUTIONS:

For professional use only. Do not use plates if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying, cracking or other signs of deterioration.

# **TEST PROCEDURE:**

Streak the specimen as soon as possible after it is received in the laboratory. The streak plate is used primarily to isolate pure cultures from specimens containing mixed flora. Alternatively, if material is being cultured directly from a swab, roll the swab over a small area of the surface at the edge and streak from this inoculated area. A nonselective medium such as Columbia Agar with 5% Sheep Blood must also be inoculated to provide an indication of other organisms present in the specimen.

# **QUALITY CONTROL:**

### 1.Sterility Control:

Incubation 48 hours at 30-35°C and 72 hours at 20-25°C: NO GROWTH

# 2.Phsical/Chemical Control

 $pH: 7,1 \pm 0,2$ 

Apperance: Yellow-green with a bluish cast

3.Microbiological Control: Cultural response on Enterococcosel Agar w/Vancomycin at 35°C ± 2 after 24-48 hours incubation.

Microorganism	Inoculum	Results	
	(CFU)	Growth	Reaction
Enterococcus faecalis ATCC 51299	10-100	Good	Brown-Black Colonies
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	100-1000	Partial inhibition	-
Streptococcus pyogenes ATCC 19615	100-1000	Partial inhibition	-
Enterococcus faecalis ATCC 29212	100-1000	Partial inhibition	-



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## STORAGE CONDITIONS AND SHELF LIFE:

Store the prepared medium at 2 - 12°C. Use before expiry date on the label. Do not use beyond stated expiry date.

#### DISPOSAT

Incubated prepared medium may contain active bacteria and micro-organisms. Do not open infected medium. Infected plate should be autoclaved, incinerated or opened and soaked in a chlorine-based disinfectant (liquid bleach) for 20 minutes prior to disposal.

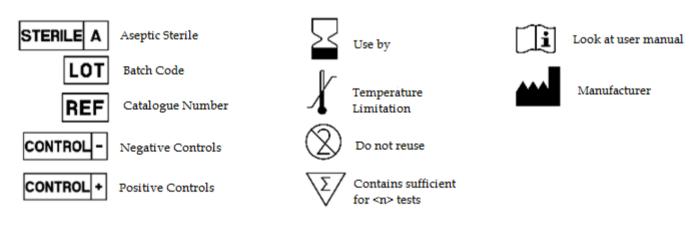
#### PACKAGING:

Katalog Number: 02069 Packaging: Single wrap

Content: 10 plates/each package

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Rochaix. R Soc Biol 1924; 90:771.
- 2. Meyer, Schonfeld. Zentralbl Bakt Parasit Infect Hyg Abt Orig 1926; 99:402.
- 3. Isenberg H, Goldberg D, Sampson J. Laboratory studies with a selective enterococcus medium. Appl Micro 1970; 20:433.
- 4. Jensen BJ. Screening specimens for vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus. Lab Med 1996; 27:53-5.
- 5. CEQA-AGAR. Guidelines for the testing and reporting of antimicrobial susceptibilities of vancomycin resistant enterococci. Health Protection Branch Laboratory Centre for Disease Control, 1998.
- 6. NCCLS. M7-A5 Methods for dilution antimicrobial susceptibility tests for bacteria that grow aerobically. 5th ed. Pennsylvania: NCCLS, 2000.
- 7. MacFaddin, JF. Biochemical tests for the identification of medical bacteria. 3rd ed.



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