

RTA.KK.067 Revision Date/Revision Number: 20.02.2014 Issue Date: 15.07.2017

# MEMBRAN FILTRATION KIT M- CETRIMIDE AGAR

## **INTENDED USE:**

Membrane filter technique is more convenient to work with high volume samples and count as well as conventional procedures.

## PRINCIPLE AND INTERPRETATION:

Membrane filter technique is an effective, accepted technique for testing fluid samples for microbiological contamination. It involves less preparation than many traditional methods, and is one of a few methods that will allow the isolation and enumeration of microorganisms.

Cetrimide is a quarternary ammonium compound with bactericidal activity against a broad range of Gram-positive organisms and some Gram-negative organisms.

## **TEST PROCEDURE:**

**Sample Volume** : A sample volume of 50 to 100 ml should be selected.

## Filtration Technique :

- 1. The filter set body is sterilized in an autoclave at 121 oC for 15-30 minutes and the filter assembly is installed.
- **2.** Membrane filter is taken from the sterile pack with a sterile clamp.
- **3.** Carefully placed in the container with the checkered side of the filter on top.
- **4.** Turn on the vacuum and allow the sample to draw completely through the filter.
- 5. After the filtration process is finished, the membrane filter is taken carefully with the help of a sterile pliers.
- **6.** Place the membrane filter into the prepared Petri dish.
- 7. Incubate at the proper temperature and for the appropriate time period.

## **COMPOSITION OF MEDIA:**

Ingredients	Gr/Liter
Gelatin peptone	20 gr
Magnesium Chloride	1,4 gr
Potassium Sulphate	10 gr
Cetrimide	0,3
Agar	13,6 gr

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

**pH**:  $7,2 \pm 0,2$ 

## **QUALITY CONTROL OF MEDIA:**

# **1.Sterility Control:**

Incubation 48 hours at 30-35°C and 72 hours at 20-25°C: NO GROWTH

# 2.Phsical/Chemical Control

 $pH: 7,2 \pm 0,2$ 

Apperance: Light amber, opalescent, with precipitate

3.Microbiological Control: Incubation at 35± 2 °C during 24-48 h

Microorganism	Inoculum	Results	
	(CFU)	Growth	Reaction
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 9027	10-100	Good	Green-Yellow
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 27853	10-100	Good	Green-Brown
E.coli ATCC 25922	100-1000	Partial inhibition	Partial inhibition
S.aureus ATCC 25923	100-1000	Inhibition	Inhibition



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## **Technical Data Sheet**

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## **PRECAUTIONS:**

For professional use only. Do not use plates if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying, cracking or other signs of deterioration.

## STORAGE CONDITIONS AND SHELF LIFE:

Store the prepared medium at 2 - 12°C. Use before expiry date on the label. Do not use beyond stated expiry date.

## **DISPOSAL:**

Incubated prepared medium may contain active bacteria and micro-organisms. Do not open infected medium. Infected plate should be autoclaved, incinerated or opened and soaked in a chlorine-based disinfectant (liquid bleach) for 20 minutes prior to disposal.

## **PACKAGING:**

Katalog Number: 06217

Packaging: Box

Content: 100 plates and 100 membran filters/each package

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. The United States Pharmacopeial Convention. 2008. The United States Pharmacopeia 31/National Formulary 26 2008. United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Rockville, Md.
- 2. European Pharmacopoeia, 5th Ed. European Directorate for the quality of medicine, Council of Europe, 226 Avenue de Colmar BP907-, F-67029 Strasbourg Cedex 1, France.
- 3. Japanese Pharmacopoeia, Fifteenth ed. Online.
- 4. King, E.O, M.K. Ward and D.E. Raney. 1954. Two simple media for the demonstration of pyocyanin and fluorescin. J. Lab. Clin. Med. 44:301-7.
- 5. Lowbury, E.J. 1951. Improved culture methods for the detection of Pseudomonas pyocyanea. J. Clin. Pathol. 4:66-72.
- 6. Lowbury, E.J. and A.G. Collins. 1955. The use of a new cetrimide product in a selective medium for Pseudomonas pyocyanea. J. Clin. Pathol. 8:47-8.
- 7. Brown, V.I. and E.J. Lowbury. 1965. Use of an improved cetrimide agar medium and other culture methods for Pseudomonas aeruginosa. J. Clin. Pathol. 18:752-6.

